

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

as "Queen's Remembrancer's Miscellanea—Jews, 557, Nos. 9 and 11," in the Lansdown Collection at the British Museum (Vol. 826, Part 5, Transcript 4), and in the Rotulorum Originalium Abbreviatio (printed by the Record Commission), pp. 73 a-76 b. The one exception just referred to is the name of "Agnu or Agni daughter of Benedict." I have no doubt that this is a copyist's mistake for Agin or Hagin son (fil') of Benedict.

It is worth noticing that there was evidently no Jews' quarter in Lincoln. The Jews' houses are situated in parishes in every part of the city.

B. LIONEL ABRAHAMS.

Additions to the Jews in China.

(J. Q. R., vol. VIII, p. 123 sqq.)

MR. MARCUS ADLER has drawn my attention to correspondences in *Jewish Chronicle*: (a) July 11, 1879, by Mr. J. L. Liebermann; (b) July 27, 1888, by an anonymous correspondent. Both have nothing more than the missionaries reported.

Remarks by my friend S. J. Halberstam: p. 130, l. 12, לשכנך for לשכנך; l. 16, כיריעה for יברכו ; l. 22, וברכו for יברכו . P. 132, ll. 5, 6 from below, read

6 וירגיע רוב שלום במבשר אליה

זאב ירעה 5

By these readings we find the following acrostic:

שמואל ברבי ברוך חזק ואמץ

P. 138. Mr. M. Adler writes that amongst the facsimiles of Shanghai in his possession, the sections קרשים (Lev.xix.1 to xxi.27), at end לבו : קרוש ליהוה (Deut. xi. 26 to xvi. 17), at end לבוֹי.

AD. NEUBAUER.